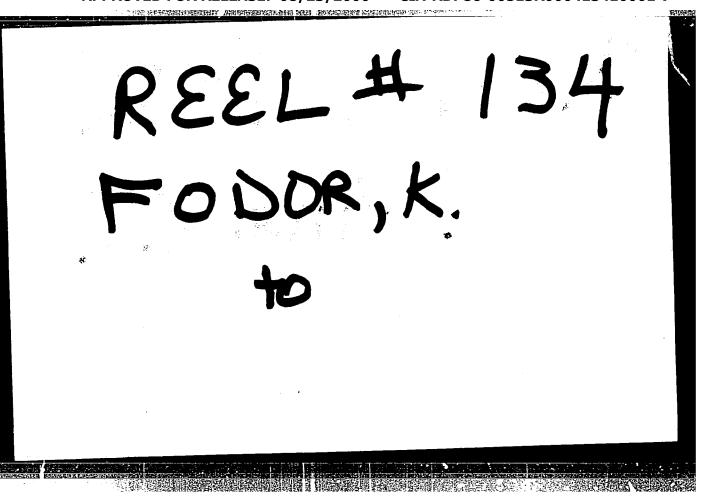


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CIA-RDP86-00513R000413410001-7



FODOR, K.

Current problems in making molds. p. 131 (Kohaszati Lapok. Budapest Vol. 11, no. 6, June 1956 Ontode. Vol. 7, no. 6)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC., Vol. 6, no. 7, July 1957 Uncl.

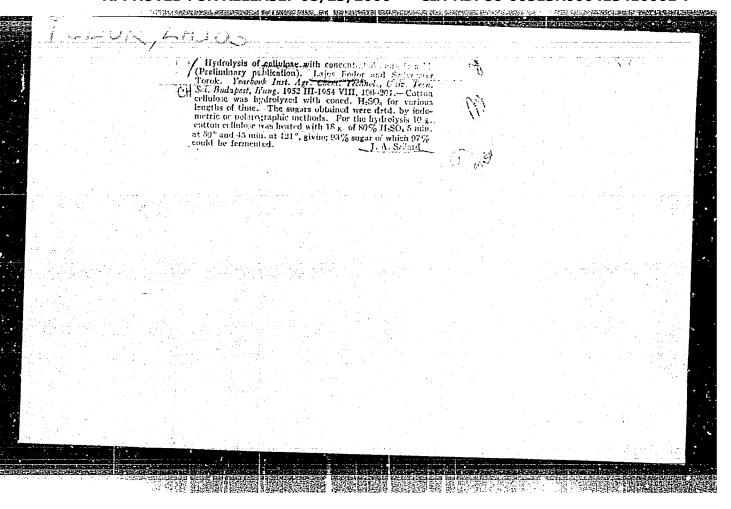
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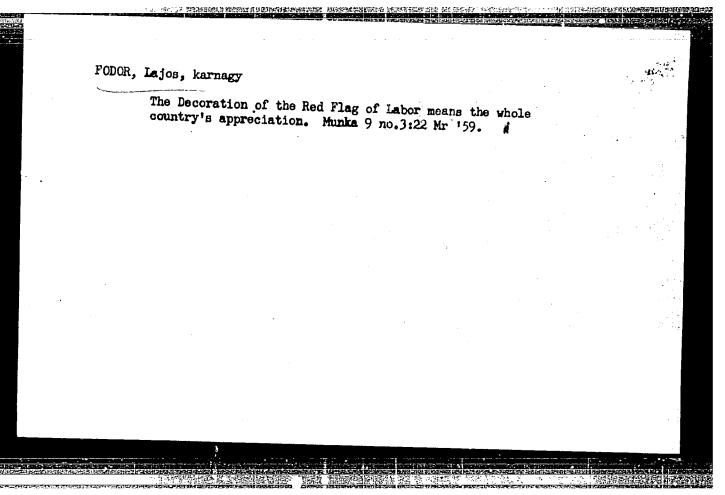
FODOR, L.; KOVESY, Zs.; MARX, G.

Interstellar neutrino density and cosmognony. Acta physhung 17 no.1/2:171-183 '64.

1. Institute of Theoretical Physics, Lorand Ectvos
University, Budapest (for Marx). 2. Astronomical
Observatory of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences,
Budapest-Szabadsaghegy (for Fodor). 3. Central Research
Institute of Physics, Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Budapest
(for Kovesy).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413410001-7"





ACCESSION NR: AP4040004

H/0016/64/000/005/0155/0158

AUTHOR: Balazs, Bela (Balazh, B.); Fodor, Lajos

TITLE: Measurement of astronomical distances, I (first of a series of articles)

SOURCE: Fizikai szemle, no. 5, 1964, 155-158

TOPIC TAGS: astronomical distance measurement, astronomical unit, trigonometric, secular, star-streaming, dynamic, rotational parallax, Au

ABSTRACT: After a very brief history of astronomical measurements since Aristarchus, the two authors give the latest value of the "astronomical unit" (mean distance between earth and sun) as 149.6+ 0.03 million km, and discuss rather briefly trigonometric, secular (or statistical), star-streaming, dynamic and rotational parallax, summarizing the studies, methods and theories on these subject, apparently without making any original contribution. Orig. art. has: 1 table, 5 figures and 7 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: MTA Csillagvissgalo Interete Budapest-Ssabadsaghegy (Astronomical Institute of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences)

Cont 2/2

FODOR, Laszlo, dr.

Control of gonorrhea at the venereological clinic in the capital.

Borgyogy. vener. ssemle 9 no.2:33-37 Mar 55.

1.As Orssagos Bor-Memikortani Inteset (Igasgato: Dr. Foldvari Ferenc egyetemi tanar) koslemenye.

(GONORRHA, prevention and control, in Hungary, venereol. clinic in Budapest)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413410001-7"

Foretical problems in the cultivation of genecoccus. Bergyogy. vener.

szemle 12 no.3:105-109 June 58.

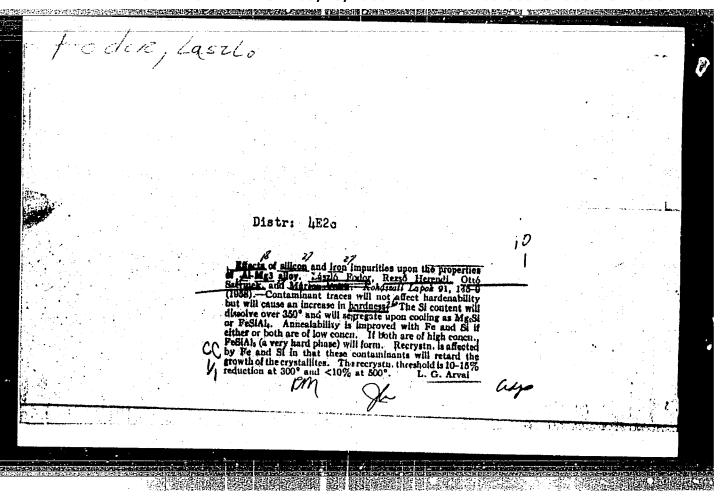
1. Az Orszagos Bor-Nemikortani Intezet (igazgato: Foldvari Ferenc dr.,
egyetemi tamar) kozlemenye.

(NNISSENIA GONORRHOMAR, culture
technical problems (Hun))

LUGOSI, Jeno, FOROR, Laszlo, dr.

Economical transportation of food industry row materials. Eleim ipar 19 no.2:56-60 F '65.

1. Institute of Food Industry Economics and Organization, Budapost.
2. Editorial Board Member, "Elelmezesi Ipar", Sudapost (for Lugosi).



KOVACS, Elek, dr.; FODOR, Laszlo, dr.

Our results in the treatment of trichomoniases with Klion. Orv. hetil. 106 no.48:2275-2277 28 N 165.

1. Orszagos Bor-Nemikortani Intezet (igazgato: Foldvari, Ferenc, dr.).

CZECHOSLOVAKTA/Human and Animal Physiology - Liver.

R-7

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Biol., No 16, 1957, 70815

Author

Foodor, Lojda

: Fodor, Lojda.

Inst Title

: To the Relation of Meparinocytes to the Fat Transfer.

Orig Pub : Ceskosl. Fysiol. 1956, 5, No 3, 288-294

Abstract : No abstract.

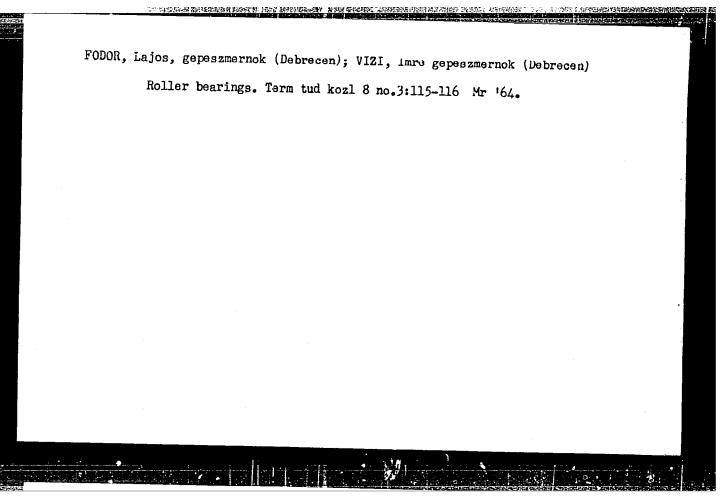
Card 1/1

- 13 -

BALAZS, Bela; FODOR, Lajos

Measuring astronomical distances.Pt.2. Fiz szemle 14 no.6:

1. Astronomical Observatory, Hungarian Academy of Sciences.



POISONINGS

HUNGARY

ROMAN, Eva, Dr. FODOR, Margit, Dr. SOOS, Gabor, Dr; National Labor Hygiene Institute (director: TIMAR, Miklos, Dr) (Orszagos Munkaegeszsegugyi Intezet),

"Industrial Digitalis Intoxication."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 107, No 36, 4 Sep 66, pages 1704-1707.

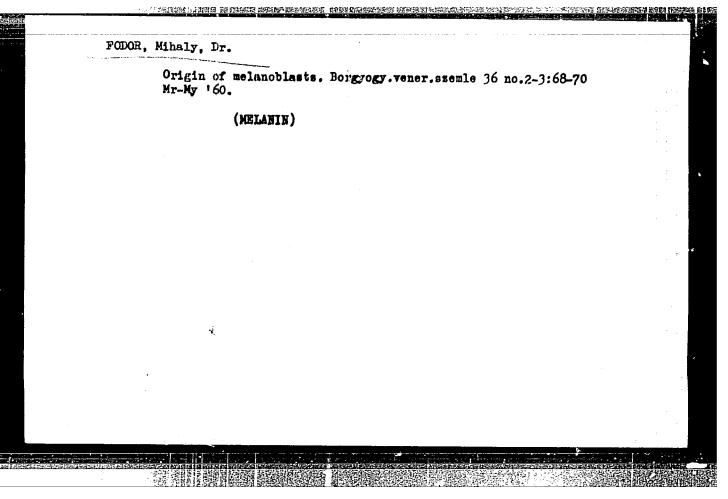
Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary] A case of industrial digitalis intoxication is reported. Similar reports could not be found in the literature. The patient never received digitalis as medication. Her complaints, determination of the digitalis glycoside content of the vomitus and the constantly changing EKG were characteristic of digitalis intoxication the hyperglycemia, glycosuria and leukocytosis were also indicative of toxic damage. The industrial nature of the poisoning was confirmed by the work-history of the patient and by the demonstration of digitalis-glycoside impurities in the air of the room. In conclusion, the problems of prevention are discussed. 7 Hungarian, 17 Western references.

1/1

SZALAI, Sardor, dr., akademikus; HORVATH, Laszlo Gabor, dr.; FODOR, Mark, dr.; ILLYES, Gyulane; CSIRSZKA, Janos, dr.; SANDELHAUSEN, Miklos, dr.; RETI, Laszlo, dr.; SEVERINI, Erzsebet, dr.; PERCZEL, Jozsef, dr.

Discussion. Magy pszichol szemle 17 no.3:296-317 '60.

l. Magyur Tudomanyos Akademia Kozlekedestudomanyi Fobizottsaganak tagja (for Horvath).



HORVATH, Eva, Dr.; HADHAZY, Gyorgy, Dr.; KATONA, Maria, Dr.; FODOR, Mihely, Dr.

Resistance of bacteria cultured from examination material during the years of 1954, 1955, 1956 and 1957. Orv. hetil. 99 no.31:1063-1065 3 Aug 58.

1. A Debreceni Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Mikrobiologiai Intesetenek (igazgato: Vaczi Iajos dr. egyet. tanar) kozlemenye.

(ANTIBIOTICS, eff.

on bact., changes in bact. resist. during 4 years period (Hun))

CONTROL OF THE CONTRO

VACZI, L.; FODOR, M.; RETHY, A.; HOLLOS, I.

Studies on the amino acid composition of the cell wall of E. coli 0:111 stradns with different antibiotic sensitivity. Acta microb. hung. 7 no.3:297-306 60.

1. Institute of Microbiology, University Medical School, Debrecen, and State Institute of Hygiene, Budapest.

(ESCHERICHIA COLI chem)

(ANTIBIOTICS pharmacol)

(AMINO ACIDS chem)

Tł st	e relation of surface properties and antibiotic-resistance in aphylococcus aureus. Acta microb. hung. 8 no.1:43-51 '61.				
	1. Institute of Microbiology, University Medical School, Debrecen. (STAPHYLOGOCCUS pharmacol.) (FATTY ACIDS pharmacol.) (ANTIBIOTICS pharmacol.)				

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VACZI, L.; FODOR, M.; FARKAS, L.

Association between lipid metabolism and antibiotic sensitivity. Part 2. The influence of esterase inhibitors on the antibiotic sensitivity of Staphylococcus aureus strains. Acta microb. hung. 8 no.2:215-221 '61.

1. Institute of Microbiology, University Medical School, Debrecen.
(STAPHYLOCOCCUS pharmacol) (ANTIBIOTICS pharmacol)
(ESTERASES antag) (LIPIDS metab)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413410001-7"

WACZI, L.; FODOR, M.; MILCH, Hedda; RETHY, A.

Studies on the mercuric chloride resistance of Staphylococcus aureus.

Acta microb. 9 no.1:81-87 '62.

1. Institute of Microbiology, University Medical School, Debrecen (Director: L. Vassi). and State Institute of Hygiene, Budapest (Director: T. Balcas).

(STAPHYLOCOCCUS pharmacology) (MERCURY pharmacology)

FODOR, M.; LEHEL, F.

Correlation between the pathogenicity of Staphylococcus aureus strains for mice and their other biological characteristics. Kiserl. orvostud. 14 no.6:587-592 D 162.

1. Debreceni Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Mikrobiologiai Intezete. (STAPHYLOCOCCUS) (CORTISONE)

TOTTE STATE SEEDERS AND SEEDERS

HUNGARY

FODOR, Mihaly, ROZGONYI, Ferenc, CSEPKE, Erzsebet; University Medical School, Debrecen, Institute of Microbiology (director: VACZI, L.) [original language version not given].

"Correlation Between Phage-Type Coagulase, Hyaluronidase and Phosphatase Activity, and Mercuric Chloride Resistance of Staphylococcus Aureus."

Budapest, Acta Microbiologica Academiae Scientiarum Nagaricae, Vol X, No 1, 1963, pages 19-25.

Abstract: [English article, authors' English summary] Phage group I Staphylococcus aureus strains (especially phage type 80/81) exert a low coagulase and hyaluronidase but high phosphatase activity. Strains belonging to phage group II show a high coagulase and hyaluronidase and a medium phosphatase activity. Phage group III strains produce small amounts of phosphatase; their hyaluronidase and coagulase activity is of medium degree. Most of the "epidemic" strains are resistant to mercuric chloride. The resistance is not associated with the increased production of any of the enzymes examined. 4 Hungarian, 16 Western references.

1/1

VACZI, L., dr.; FODOR, M., dr.

Studies on the effectiveness of Hungarian semisynthetic penicillins against Staphylococcus aureus strains. Orv. hetil. 104 no.51:2424-2427 22 D '63.

1. Debreceni Crvostudomanyi Egyetem, Mikrobiologiai Intezet. (STAPHYLOCOCCUS) (PENICILLIN) (STREPTOMYCIN) (CHLORAPHENICOL) (OXYTERACYCLINE) (CHLORTETRACYCLINE) (ENTHROMYCIN) (METHICILLIN) (PHARMACOLOGY)

FODOR, M.; MILTENYI, L.

Studies on L forms of staphylococcus aureus strains of different antibiotic and phage sensitivity. Acta microbiol. acad. sci. Hung. 11 no.2:155-163 '64.

1. Institute of Microbiology (Director: L. Vaczi) and Institute of Pathophysiology (Director: L. Kesztyus), University Medical School, Debrecen.

FODOR, M.; TOTH, B.

Studies on Staphylccoccus aureus L forms blocked at different stages of cell wall synthesis. Acta microbiol. acad. sci. Hung. 12 no.2:173-179 165.

1. Institute of Microbiology (Director: L. Vaczi) and Institute of Biochemistry (Director: B. Tanko) University Medical School, Debrecen. Submitted February 16, 1965.

38607-66 ACC NR SOURCE CODE: HU/0028/65/012/002/0173/0179 AP6028258 AUTHOR: Fodor, Mihaly (Debrecen); Toth, Bela (Debrecen) B ORG: [Fodor] Institute of Microbiology/headed by: L. Vaczi/, Medical University of Debrecen (Debreceni Orvostudomanyi Egyetem, Mikrobiologiai Intezet); [Toth] Institute of Biochemistry/headed by: B. Tanko/, Medical University of Debrecen (Debreceni Orvostudomanyi Egyetem, Biokemiai Intezet) TITIE: Studies of Staphylococcus aureus L forms blocked at different stages of cell wall synthesis SOURCE: Academia scientiarum hungaricae. Acta microbiología, v. 12, no. 2, 1965, 173-179 TOPIC TAGS: biosynthesis, bacteria, bacteriology, penicillin ABSTRACT: 1) Four different L strains, which were growing well in liquid medium, have been obtained from Staphylococcus aureus strain 100 by means of penicillin treatment. 2) In the presence of penicillin, two of the L cultures produced about 5 times more acid soluble acetylamino sugar-containing nucleotides than did the others. 3) The accumulated nucleotides were identified as uridine diphosphatemuramic acid peptides. 4) When penicillin was omitted from the medium, the Park nucleotide production by the stable I form remained at the same level while its production by the two L strains, which produce this substance in large amounts in a penicillin-containing medium, decreased considerably. The authors thank Mr. J. Vasvary for skilled technical assistance. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 3 tables.

[Orig. art. in Eng.] [JPRS: 33,500]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: 16Feb65 / ORIG REF: 003 / SOV REF: 001 / OTH REF: 019

Cord 1/1

FODOR, M

HUNGARY/Analytical Chemistry. Analysis of Organic Substances.

E-3

Abs Jour: Ref. Zhur.-Khimiya, 1958, No II, 35945.

Author : E. David, M. Fodor, R. Bognar.

Inst : Not given.

Title : The Determination of Sulfur Content in Organic Compounds

in the Form of Sulfate by Way of Conductometric Titration.

Orig Pub: Acta Univ. Debrecen., 1956 (1957), 3, No 2, III-116.

Abstract: SO₄²⁻ is determined by conductometric titration at determination of S in organic compounds by Grothe's method (burning in the current of air or O₂, the absorption of SO₂ and SO₃ by a 3% solution of H₂O₂ and the determination of the quantity of SO₄²⁻). In addition to that, it is not necessary to disintegrate H₂O₂. The equivalent point is found graphically in coordinates resistance - quantity

Card : 1/2

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Abs Jour: Ref. Zhur.-Khimiya, 1958, No II, 35945.

of titrant (0.05 n. of barium acetate solution) in ml. 10-20 mg of substance with the content of S 6-20% is taken for analysis. Ions No3_ and Cl -, formed, when the substances containing N and Cl are burned, diminish the accuracy of determination. The duration of the analysis is one hour, the error is less than 1%.

Card : 2/2

15

FODOR, M.

HUNGARY / Analytic Chemistry. Analysis of Inorganic

Substances.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 18, 1958, 60618.

Author : Miklos Fodor

: Academy of Sciences of Hungary. Inst

Title : Determination of Uranium in Uranium Ores and Industrial Products by Combined Ion Exchange and

Complexometric Methods.

Orig Pub: Magyar tud. akad. Kozl. fiz. kutato int. kozl.,

1957, 5, No 4, 445-457.

Abstract: A simple and rapid method was developed for separating U from admixtures, which pass into solution together with U, when it is separated from ores,

Card 1/4

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-0051 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413410001-7" Substances.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 18, 1953, 60618.

Abstract: and which interfere with its following determination. Ethylenedinitrilotetraacetic acid (I) is added (in a 1.5-fold excess with reference to the expected concentration of the salt) to the solution to be analyzed. At this occasion, the admixtures produce strong anion complexes with I, while U produces a very unstable complex with I under these conditions (pH about 7). The obtained solution is diluted with water and let through a column (1 cm in dia, length 10 cm) at the rate of 3 ml per min. The column contains cathion-exchanging resin Amberlite IRC-50 in the H form (in order to convert the resin into the H form, it is treated preliminarily with 50 ml of 3 M $H_2 \dot{S}O_4$). At this occasion, the interfering elements pass

Card 2/4

HUNGARY / Analytic Chemistry. Analysis of Inorganic Substances.

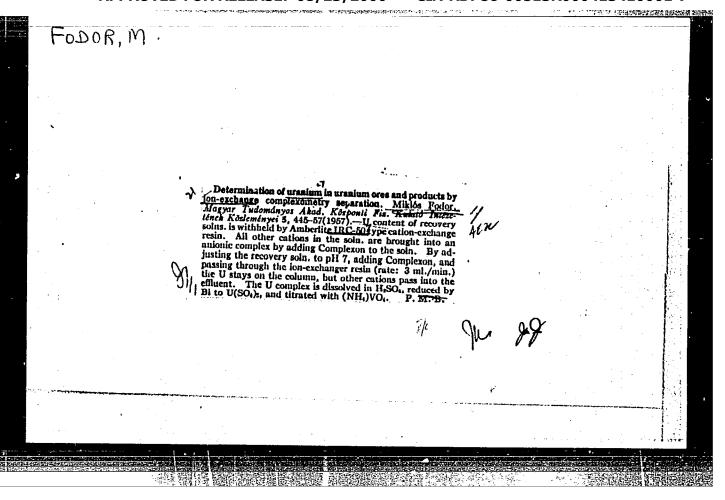
Ε

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 18, 1958, 60618.

Abstract: studied: the optimum conditions of U reduction and titration, the completeness of the binding of U(6+) and U(4+) to the resin in the presence of I (the binding is quantitative for both ions), and the completeness of U separation from ore of a known composition in cases, when the ore dissolution has been carried out with sulfuric acid or soda in the presence of oxidizers. It was found that the described method is justified in all cases and sufficiently accurate (error about 1%).

Card 4/4

73



FODOR, H., and others.

Research in the chemical processing of Hungarian uranium ores. p. 305

Budapest. Kozponti Pizikai Kutato Intezet. A MAGYAR TUDOMANYOS AKEDEMIA KOSPONTI FIZIKAI KUTATO INTEZETENEK KOZIEMENYEI, Budapest, Hungary, Vol. 6, No. 4, Jul/Aug. 1958

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 7, July 1959 UNCL

HUNG/RY/Analytical Chemistry. Analysis of Inorganic Chemistry.

E

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khin., No 24, 1958, 81322.

Author : Ordogh, M.; Fodor, M.

Inst

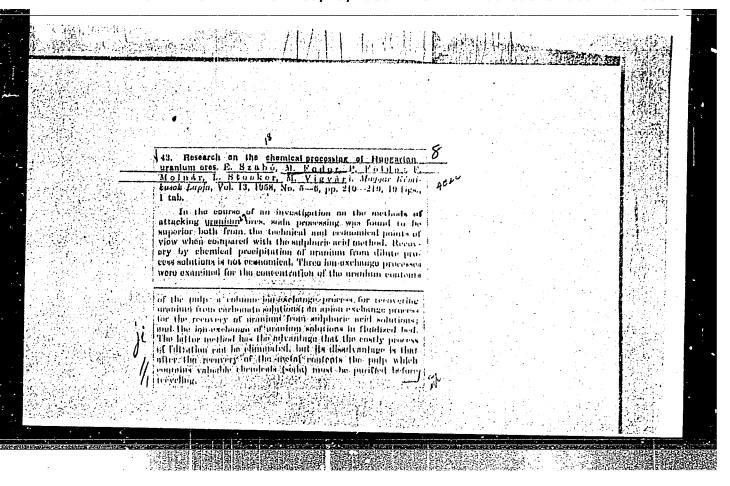
Title : Determination of Uranium.

Orig Pub: Energia es aton techn., 1958, 11, No 1-2, 27-33.

Abstract: Review of the determination methods (precipitation, complex formation, extraction, distilla-tion, electrolysis, and ion exchange) and of determination (gravimetrical, titrimetrical photometrical, and fluorometrical) of uranium. The bibliography includes 18 names. -- I. Krish-

tofori.

Card : 1/1



SZABO, Elek; FODOR, Miklos; POKO, Zoltan

Investigating the applicability of ion-exchange resins in the leaching of uranium ores. Koz fiz kozl MTA 7 no.6:404-409 '99.

(EEAI 9:8)

1. Magkemiai Laboratorium II., Kozponti Fizikai Kutato Intezet, Magyar Tudomanyos Akademia.

(Uranium) (Gums and resins, Synthetic)

(Ion exchange)

FODOR, M., AND OTHERS.

Investigations of the chemical processing of Hungarian uranium ores. p.230. ENERGIA ES ATOMTECHNIKA. Budapest, Hungary. Vol. 12, no. 4, Apr. 1959.

CANTERNAM TARAHA INTERNAM BERKAMBANGAN PERMANDAN PERMANDAN PERMANDAN PERMANDAN PERMANDAN PERMANDAN PERMANDAN P

Monthly List of East European Accessions (LEAI), LC. Vol. 8, No. 9, September 1959 Uncl.

VACZI, L.; FODOR, N.; RETHY, A.

Effect of lipase on the sensitivity and activity of Staphylococcus aureus. Kiserletes Orvostud. 12 no.5:493-498 0'60.

1. Debreceni Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Mikrobiologiai Intexete.
(STAPHYLOCOCCUS pharmacol)
(LIPASES pharmacol)

AUTHORS: Fodor, M., Szabó, E., Pokó, Z. TITLE: Investigation of the properties of ion exchange resins used for the extraction of uranium at various temperatures PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 17, 1962, 82, abstract 17B571 (Acta chim. Acad. scient. hung., v. 29, no. 1, 1961, 1 - 9 [Eng.; summaries in Ger. and Russ.]) TEXT: The changes in the properties of an ion exchange resins Mycion PA (My) and Amberlite IRA-400 (Am) were studied with variation of temperature from 20 to 90°C and as a function of the number of extraction cycles. The maximum increase in capacity at 80°C is 24.9% that observed at 20°C in the first cycle for My, and 13.1% for Am. After 50 cycles the reduction in capacity in the aforesaid temperature range and the deterioration in the mechanical strength (at 90°C) occur to a lesser degree for Am than for My. The yield (elution) curves obtained at 20, 40, 60 and 80°C are identical for both types of resin. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]		41347
AUTHORS: Fodor, M., Szabó, E., Pokó, Z. TITLE: Investigation of the properties of ion exchange resins used for the extraction of uranium at various temperatures PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 17, 1962, 82, abstract 17B571 (Acta chim. Acad. scient. hung., v. 29, no. 1, 1961, 1 - 9 [Eng.; summaries in Ger. and Russ.]) TEXT: The changes in the properties of an ion exchange resins Mycion PA (My) and Amberlite IRA-400 (Am) were studied with variation of temperature from 20 to 90°C and as a function of the number of extraction cycles. The maximum increase in capacity at 80°C is 24.9% that observed at 20°C in the first cycle for My, and 13.1% for Am. After 50 cycles the reduction in capacity in the aforesaid temperature range and the deterioration in the mechanical strength (at 90°C) occur to a lesser degree for Am than for My. The yield (elution) curves obtained at 20, 40, 60 and 80°C are identical	nedolo	
for the extraction of uranium at various temperatures PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 17, 1962, 82, abstract 17B571 (Acta chim. Acad. scient. hung., v. 29, no. 1, 1961, 1 - 9 [Eng.; summaries in Ger. and Russ.]) TEXT: The changes in the properties of an ion exchange resins Mycion PA (My) and Amberlite IRA-400 (Am) were studied with variation of temperature from 20 to 90°C and as a function of the number of extraction cycles. The maximum increase in capacity at 80°C is 24.9% that observed at 20°C in the first cycle for My, and 13.1% for Am. After 50 cycles the reduction in capacity in the aforesaid temperature range and the deterioration in the mechanical strength (at 90°C) occur to a lesser degree for Am than for My. The yield (elution) curves obtained at 20, 40, 60 and 80°C are identical		Fodor, M., Szabó, E., Pokó, Z.
17B571 (Acta chim. Acad. scient. hung., v. 29, no. 1, 1961, 1 - 9 [Eng.; summaries in Ger. and Russ.]) TEXT: The changes in the properties of an ion exchange resins Mycion PA (My) and Amberlite IRA-400 (Am) were studied with variation of temperature from 20 to 90°C and as a function of the number of extraction cycles. The maximum increase in capacity at 80°C is 24.9% that observed at 20°C in the first cycle for My, and 13.1% for Am. After 50 cycles the reduction in capacity in the aforesaid temperature range and the deterioration in the mechanical strength (at 90°C) occur to a lesser degree for Am than for My. The yield (elution) curves obtained at 20. 40. 60 and 80°C are identical	TIPLE:	Investigation of the properties of ion exchange resins used for the extraction of uranium at various temperatures
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	(My) and Amberon 20 to 90 maximum increfirst cycle for capacity in mechanical states The yield (el	erlite IRA-400 (Am) were studied with variation of temperature of and as a function of the number of extraction cycles. The ease in capacity at 80°C is 24.9% that observed at 20°C in the for My, and 13.1% for Am. After 50 cycles the reduction in the aforesaid temperature range and the deterioration in the trength (at 90°C) occur to a lesser degree for Am than for My. Lution) curves obtained at 20. 40. 60 and 80°C are identical

38457 H/005/62/000/006/001/002 D249/D307

214200 AUTHORS:

Szabó, Elek, Fodor, Miklós, and Pokó, Zoltán

TITLE:

Application of ion exchanges resins to the extraction of uranium. I Preliminary studies of the recovery of

uranium by ion exchange methods

PERIODICAL: Magyar kémiai folyóirat, no. 6, 1962, 262 - 268

TEXT: The chemical and physical properties of quaternary ammonium type ion exchange resins prepared at the Müanyagipari Kutató Intézet (Research Institute of the Plastics Industry) and the technology of uranium extraction from dilute alkaline leaching solutions were studied. The particle size and shape, weight per liter of the swollen and dry resin and densities in water and benzene were determined. The total chloride capacity was determined from titration curves, on a resin with a particle size of 0.32 - 0.63 mm. The chloride capacities of the Mykion PA type resins were in the range of 1.02 - 1.38 when swollen and 2.67 - 3.45 mole equivalent g when dry. These data are compared with those of similar types of resins marketed in the West as Lewatite MN and Amberlite IRA-400. Breakthrough and sa- Card 1/2

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Application of ion exchange resins ...

turation capacities for the complex uranyl tricarbonate anions were determined, and the parameters which influence the results were studied. These are: the effect of a) Na₂CO₃ - NaHCO₃ concentration, b) the concentration of uranium; c) particle size, d) linear velocity of flow. It is shown that the amount of uranium adsorbed was reduced by increasing the Na₂CO₃ - NaHCO₃ concentration, while the capacities remained constant. The saturation capacity decreased when the concentration of U was reduced and also with increasing particle size. The optimum linear velocity of flow was found to be approximately 8 m/hour. To study the elution an NH₄Cl - NaCl eluent was used, the flow velocity and column diameter being kept constant. The effects of various eluents were studied. It was shown that the addition of Na₂CO₃ to a NH₄Cl eluent increased the efficiency of desorption but caused an inflection on the elution curve. There are 12 figures and 14 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Budapest magyar tudományos akadémia központi fizikai kutató intézete, magkémiai laboratóriuma II (Central Research Institute of Physics, Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Budapest. No. 2 Nuclear Chemistry Laboratory)

SUBMITTED: November 25, 1961

Card 2/2

36453

H/005/62/000/006/002/002

D249/D307

21.16-200

Fodor, Miklós, Poko, Zoltán, Szabo, Elek, and Vályi

Nagy, József

TITLE:

Application of ion exchange resins in the extraction of uranium. II. Investigating the properties of Mykion

PA resins in the recovery of uranium

PERIODICAL: Magyar kémiai folyóirat, no. 6, 1962, 268 - 274

TEXT: Model experiments were carried out on the ageing of 2 types of ion exchange resins. Mykion PA, synthesized at the Müanyagirari Kutató Intezét Research Institute of the plastics Industry), and Amberlite IRA-400 resins were subjected to several hundred cycles of adsorption-washing-elution-washing. Changes of volume, particle size, particle shape, and capacity were studied as functions of the number of cycles. The experiments were made in an apparatus containing four resin beds. Each cycle lasted for 10 minutes, where the two washing operations took up 2 minutes each and the adsorption and elution 3 minutes each, 5 ml of the chloride form of the resin was used, with particles between 0.32 - 0.63 mm. Experiments were Card 1/2

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Application of ion exchange resins ...

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made with a synthetic U feed solution and with leaching solutions. The synthetic feed solution contained approximately twice the amount of U needed to saturate the resin since the time of contact between the solution and the resin was not sufficient to achieve saturation. The eluent was 10 % NaCl containing 0.5 % Na₂CO₃. Amberlite IRA-400 and Mykion PA-V resins showed the best and most consistent mechanical properties. There are 4 figures and 7 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Budapest Magyar Tudományos Akadémia Központi Fizikai Kutató Intézete, Magkémiai Laboratoriuma II. (Central Research Institute of Physics, Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Budapest, No. 2. Laboratory of Nuclear Chemistry)

SUBMITTED: November 25, 1961

Card 2/2

KACSALOVA, Lidia, dr.; FODOR, Miklos

Preliminary investigations concerning the prepartion of uranium oxide potteries. Epitoanyag 15 no.5:173-177 My '63.

一个一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的,我们就是一个人的人的,我们就是一个人的人的人的人的人,但不是一个人的人的人,也不是一个人的人

1. Kozponti Fizikai Kutato Intezet Magkemia II. Laboratorium.

SZABO, Elek; FODOR, Miklos

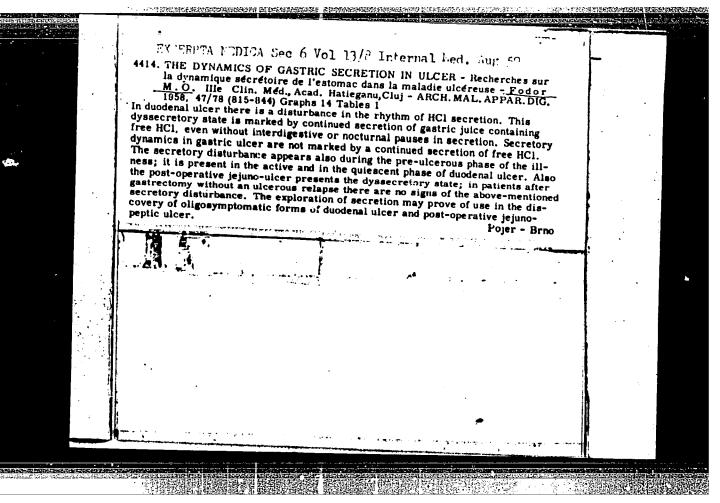
Ceramic and dispersion type fuels for nuclear reactors. Magy kem lap 19 no.8:413-423 Ag '64.

1. Central Research Institute of Physics, Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Budapest.

_FODOR, Miklos; POKO, Zoltan; SZABO, Elek

Examination of the formation, the maic decomposition and structure of the U03-H20 system. Pt.1. Magy kem folyoir 71 no.3:104-110 Mr 165.

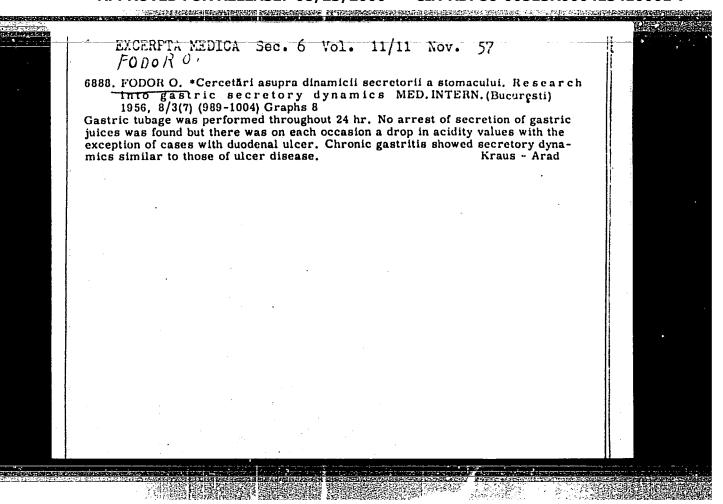
1. No.2 Laboratory of Nuclear Chemistry of he Central Research Institute of Physics of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences, Budapest. Submitted July 5, 1964.



Cardio-circulatory insufficiency in crypto-thyrosis.

Med. int., Bucur. 4 no.8:1115-1120 Dec 56.

(CONGESTIVE HEART FAILURE, etiol. & pathogen.
 hyperthyroidism, latent)
(HYPERTHROIDISM, complications
 congestive heart failure in latent hyperthyroidism)



RUMANIA/Human and Animal Physiology. Digestion. The Stomach. T-7

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 12, 1958, 55751.

COLUMN LESS CONTROLL DESCRIPTION DE L'ARREST DE L'ARRE

Author : Fodor, O., Marin, F.

Inst : Academy of Sciences of the People's Republic of

Rumania.

Title : Secretory Dynamics of the Stomach in the Preulcer

Phase of Ulcerative Diseases.

Orig Pub: Studii si cercetari med. Acad. RPR Fil. Cluj, 1956,

7, No 1-4, 181-187.

Abstract: No abstract.

Card : 1/1

FODOR, O., Dr.; VESTEA, St., dr.

Clinical contributions to the pathology of splenic diseases of splenic vein origin. Med. int., Bucur. 9 no.2:247-254 Feb 57.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala I.M.F., Cluj. (VEINS, PORTAL SYSTEM, diseases

aneurysm, thrombosis, stenosis & varicose dilation of splenic vein, causing splenomegaly, hypersplenism & Banti's dis.)

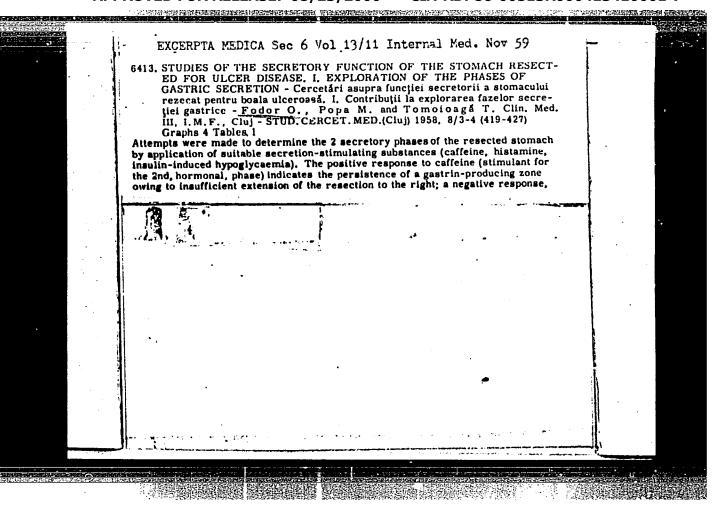
(SPLEEN diseases

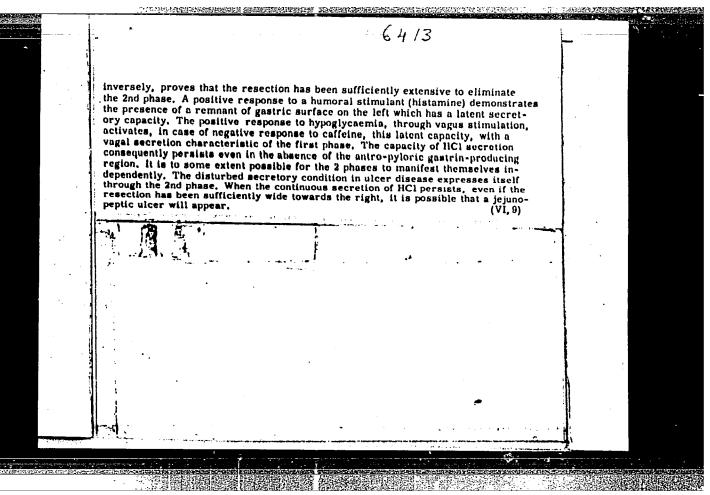
disord. caused by aneurysm, thrombosis, stenosis & varicose dilation of splenic vein)

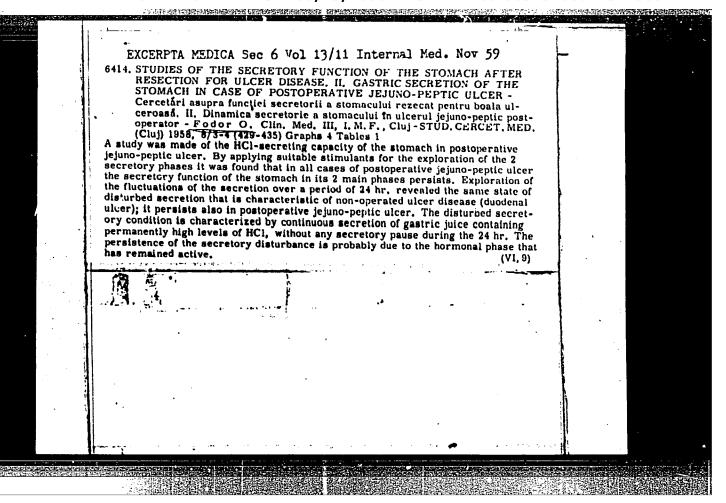
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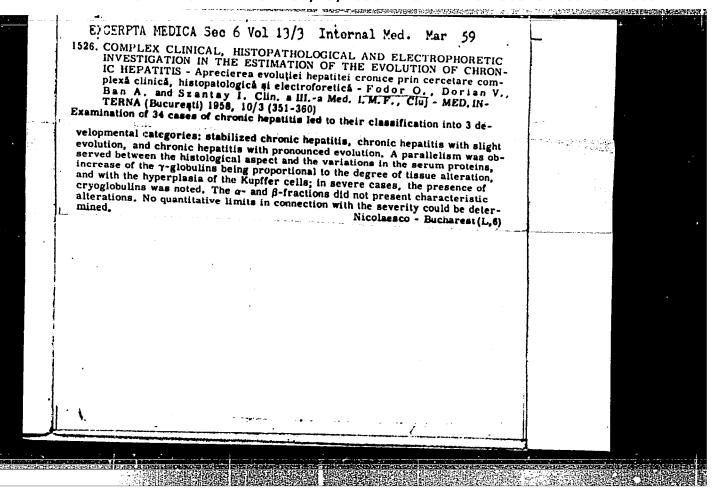
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HATIRGANU, I., Academician; FODOR, O.

Notes on rheumatism, Probl. reumat., Bucur. no.5:15-18 1958.
(HHEUMATISM, manifest.
locomotor)
(MOYEMENT
locomotor manifest. of rheum.)
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PIMANIA/Human and Animal Physiology (Normal and Pathological) T Metabolism. Vitamins.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Biol., No 6, 1959, 26334

Author : Fodor, O., Schwartz, M., Szantay, I.

Inst : Title : Ariboflavinosis. Clinical Investigations.

Orig Pub : Med. interna, 1958, 10, No 6, 845-853

Abstract : In patients with expressed symptoms of ariboflavinosis

(AR) and with endogenic insufficiency of riboflavin (R) accompanying, in a majority of cases, a basic disease (anemia, achlorhydria, gastrectomy), the connections bet-

ween clinical manifestations of AR and R metabolism (with and without loading with R), as well as Fe content in blood and gastric secretion were studied. In majority of cases (16 of 18), a correspondence between clinical manifestations of AR and decreased spontaneous introduc-

tion of R was noted. The test with R loading, according

Card 1/2

RUMANIA/Human and Animal Physiology (Normal and Pathological)

Metabolism. Vitamins.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Biol., No 6, 1959, 26334

to the opinion of the authors, is not sufficiently convincing for evaluation of the state of R insufficiency. Complex replacement therapy and application of Fe and R in indicated conditions of AR gave good results.

Card 2/2

- 27 -

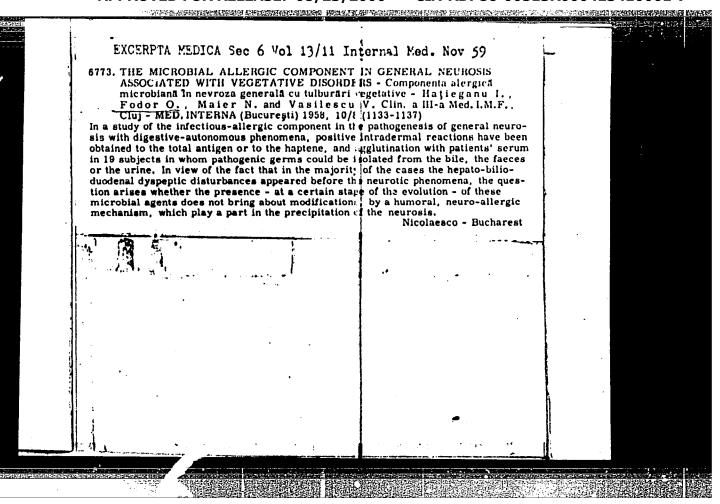
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413410001-7"

HATIEGANU, I. [deceased]; FODOR, O.; MAIER, N.; VASILESCU, V.

The allergic microbial component in general neurosis with vegetative disorders. Rumanian M. Rev. 3 no. 3:45-48 J1-S '59.

(NEUROSES, complications)

(AUTONOMIC NERVOUS SETEM, diseases)



FODOR, O., Sonf.

Hypersplenism and splenctomy. Med. intern., Bucur 11 no.12:1825-1832 '59.

1. Clinica a III-a medicala I.M.F. Cluj.
(HYPERSPLENISM, surgery)

FODOR, O.; STANESKU, L. [Stanescu, L.]; DZHEORDZHRSKU, Ye. [Georgescu, E.]

(Rumyanskaya Karodnaya Respublika)

Manifestations of the insufficiency syndrome after subtotal gastrectomy in peptic ulcer (insufficiency syndrome). Sov.med. 23
no.11:14-25 N '59. (MIRA 13:3)

(AASTRECTOM complications)

(NUTRITION DISORDERS etiology)

FODOR, O., conf.; BELTEAG, F., dr.; PASCU, I., dr.

Observations on ulcer disease appearing after the age of 50 years. Med. int., Ducur. 12 no.2:223-232 F '60.

(PEPTIC ULCER, in old age)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413410001-7"

FODOR, O., conf.; POPESCU, C., dr.; NICOARA, Gh., dr., CIURCHEA, V., dr.

Autoimmune manifestations in chronic hepatitis. Med. intern., Buour 12 no.7:1045-1051 Jl '60.

1. Clinica a III-a medicala, I.M.F. Cluj.

(HEPATITIS, complications)

(IMMUNOLOGY)

(ANEMIA, etiology)

FODOR, G., conf.; STANESCU, L., dr.; BARBARINO, F., dr.; SCWARTZ, M., dr.;
NICOARA, Gh., dr.; BAH, A., dr.;
Observations on splenic sarcomas. Med. intern. 13 no.11:1549-1553

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala I.M.F., Cluj.

(SPLERN neoplasms) (SARCOMA)

FODOR, O., prof.; TANASESCU, R., dr.; BAN, A., dr.

Problems in the diagnosis and delimitation of malignant collagen diseases. (Borderline and intermediate forms). Med. intern. 13 no.12:1617-1632 D '61.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, I.M.F. Cluj, director prof. O.Fodor.
(COLLAGEN DISEASES diagnosis)

PARAU, N., dr.; NICOARA, Gh., dr.; FODOR, O., prof.

· POINTER DE L'ARTINITE L'ARTINITE PROPERTIES DE L'ARTINITE PROPERTIES DE L'ARTINITE PROPERTIES DE L'ARTINITE DE L'ARTINITE PROPERTIES DE L'ARTINITE DE L'ARTINITE PROPERTIES DE L'ARTINITE PROPERTIES DE L'ARTINITE

Value and significance of certain tests used in the diagnosis of autoimmune diseases of the blood. Clinical and serciogical correlations. Med, intern. 13 no.12:1679-1690 D '61.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, I.M.F. Cluj.
(ELOOD DISEASES diagnosis) (LEUKOPENIA diagnosis)
(THROMBOPENIA diagnosis) (IMMUNITY)

URCAN, S., dr.; FODOR, O., prof.

Modifications of coagulation and fibrinolysis in post-viral chronic hepatitis. Med. intern. 14 no.4:493-498 Ap '62.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, I.M.F. Cluj (prof. O. Fodor).

(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS) (HEPATITIS) (BLOOD COAGULATION DISORDERS)

(FILRINOLYSIS)

FODOR, O., prof.; MUNTEAHU, P., dr.; MARIN, Fl., dr.

Investigation of the dynamics of secretion of hydrochloric acid in the stomach and of pepsinogen for the diagnosis of ulcers. Med. intern. 14 no.6:659-665 Je '62.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, Cluj (director: prof. 0. Fodor).

(GASTRIC ACIDITY DETERMINATION) (PEPTIC ULCER) (UROPEPSIN)

FODOR, O., prof.; COSMA, V., dr.; HAN, A., dr.

The contribution of laparoscopy to the diagnosis of the sequels of epidemic hepatitis. Med. intern. 14 no.4:1/35-491 Ap '62.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala a I.M.F. Cluj (prof. 0. Fodor).

(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS) (HEPATITIS) (LIVER CIRRHOSIS)

(BILIARY DYSKINESIA) (NEUROSES) (ENDOSCOPY)

FODOR, O., prof.; SURIANU, P., dr.; BARBARINO, F., dr.; PARAU, N., dr.;
ABEL, Ch., dr.

Investigations of the immunological component of hypersplenism. Med. intern. 14 no.10:1189-1198 0 '62.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a modicala I.M.F. Cluj (director: prof. O. Fodor).

(HYPERSPLENISM) (AUTOANTIBODIES)

FODOR, O., prof.; TANASESCU, R., dr.

Post-hepatitis immunological hemolytic anemia. The effect of treatment with cortisone-like drugs and of splenectomy. Med. intern. 14 no.12: 1469-1478 D '62.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, I.M.F. Cluj.
(HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS) (ANEMIA, HEMOLYTIC) (AUTOIMMUNE DISEASES)
(ADRENAL CORTEX HORMONES) (SPLENECTOMY)

RUMATIA

(5)

FODOR, O., Professor; BARGARTHO, F., MD; TERROR, D., MD; TARASFECU, R., MD.

Medical Clinic No III, Cluj (Clinica a III-a medicala, Ciuj) - (for all)

Bucharest, Medicina Interna, No 12, Dec 63, pp 1439-1445

"Immunoelectrophoretic Investigation of Paraproteins in Plasmocytoma." (Report presented at the meeting on 7 February 1963 in Bucharest of the Union of Societies of Medical Sciences.)

。 《表表文化的研究的主题,如果是一个人的主题,但是一个人的主题,但是一个人的主题,但是一个人的主题,但是一个人的主题,但是一个人的主题,但是一个人的主题,但是一个人

Contributions to the clinical aspects and pathogenesis of splenic diseases of splenic vein origin. Med. intern. 15 no.1::1-58 Ja '63.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, I.M.F., Cluj, (director; prof. 0. Fodor).

(SPLENOMEGALY) (HYPERSPLENISM) (SPLENIC VEIN)

(ABNORMALITIES) (THROMEOSIS) (LIVER DISEASES)

(SPLENECTOMY) (SPLENOPORTOGRAPHY) (LIVER FUNCTION TESTS)

FODOR, 0., prof.

Problems in the delimitation and diagnosis of chronic hepatitis. Med. intern. 15 no;2:129-134 F '63.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala I.M.F. Cluj. (HEPATITIS) (DIAGNOSIS)

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FODOR, O., prof.; SURIANU, P., dr.; TRAGOR, S., dr.; COTUL, S., dr.; SZÁNTAY, I., dr.; HOLAN, T., dr.; FARCASAN, M., dr.

Further clinical and biochemical verifications of the therapeutic action of aspartic acid in chronic hepatitis. Med. intern. 15 no.4:463-472 Ap 163.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, Cluj (director: prof. O. Fodor).

(HEPATITIS) (ASPARTIC ACID) (ASPARAGINE) (DIURESIS)

(BLOOD PROTEINS) (ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE)

LETTOMORPHE TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF

FODOR, O., prof.; DUMITRASCU, D., dr.; BAN, A., dr.

Endobiopsy of the small intestine. Clinical and functional comparison. Med. intern. 15 no.9:1133-1140 S '63.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala I.M.F. Cluj (prof. O. Fodor).

(ENTERITIS) (JEJUNUM) (PATHOLOGY)

(BIOPSY)

FODOR, O. prof.

Some problems concerning the pre-ulcerous phase of ulcerous disease. Med. intern. 15 no.10:1167-1178 '63.

[1] 在大型工作的对象,但是是国际的国际的国际工作的。

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, Cluj (director: prof. O. Fodor).

(PEPTIC ULCER) (DYSPEPSIA)

(HEMORRHAGE, GASTROINTESTINAL)

(PAIN) (DIAGNOSIS)

(GASTRIC ACIDITY DETERMINATION)

(HISTAMINE) (PHARMACOLOGY)

FODOR, O., prof.; BARBARINO, F., dr.; TRAGOR, S., dr.; PARAU, N., dr. TANASESCU, R., dr.

Immuno-electrophoretic studies of the paraproteins in plasmocytoma. Med. intern. 15 no.12:1439-1445 D'63

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, Cluj.

RUMANTA

FODOR, O., Professor; POPESCU, St., MD; BAN, A., MD.

Medical Clinic No III in Cluj (Clinica a III-a medicala din Cluj); Director: Professor O. Fodor. - (for all)

Bucharest, Viata Medicala, No 3, 1 Feb 64, pp 161-166

"Contributions to the Problem of Hyperchlorhydria in Gastric Cancer." (Paper given at the meeting of the Union of Societies of Medical Sciences, Cluj Branch, Section of Internal Medicine, on 31 January 1963.)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413410001-7"

。 1987年 - 1988年 - 19884 - 19884 - 19884 - 19884 - 19884 - 19884 - 19884 - 19884 - 198

FODOR, O.; DUMITRASCU, D.; BADEA, Gh.; BAN. A.; TRAGOR, S.; CALU, C.; SZANTAY, I.

Adaptive and pathological changes in the jejunum and ileum after stomach surgery. Stud. cercet. med. intern. 5 no.2:167-172 '64

FORCE, O.; POPESCU, St.; NICOARA, Gh.; ILBA, V.

Contribution to the knowledge of the mechanism of induction of gastric acid secretion in duodenal ulcer. Stud. cercet. med. Intern. 5 no.4:371-378 164.

TO THE PROPERTY OF STREET, AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF

Gastric vascular reactivity in the evolutive phases of duodenal ulcer. Stud. cercet. med. intern. 5 no.6:609-615 164.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413410001-7"

FODOR, C. .. Drof.; BACIU, Zoe, dr.; COSMA, V., dr.; SURIANU, P., dr.; BAN, A., dr.

MUNTEANU, P., dr.; POPESCU, St.dr.; ILEA, V.dr.

Cholostatic chronic hepatitis. (Considerations on 10 cases).

Med. intern. 16 no.1:47-53 Ja'64.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, Cluj
(prof. O.Fodor).

PARAU, N., dr.; NICOARA, Gh., dr.; FODOR, O., prof.

Critical appraisal of some immunological tests in chronic evolutive polyarthritis. Med. intern. 16 no.2:169-178 F:64.

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1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, I.M.F., Cluj.

COSMA, V., dr.; FODOR, O., prof.; MUNTEANU, P., dr.; SCEWARTZ, M., dr.; MEDREA, B., dr.; ERDOSY, St., dr.; EADEA, Gh., dr.; in coleborare cu; FORGACS, V.dr.; CRACIUN, I., dr.; FARKAS, M.dr.

Research on several digestive diseases in an occupational lead-poisoning environment (ulcer disease and epidemic hepatitis). Med. intern. 16 no.2:221-228 F'64.

1. Clinica a III-a medicala I.M.F., Cluj (for Cosma, Fodor, Munteanu, Schwartz, Medrea, Erdosy Badea). 2. Dispensarul Uzinelor metalo-chimice, Maia Mare (for Forgacs, Craciun, Farkas).

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FODOR, O., prof.

Some problems raised by the pathogenesis of ulcerous disease. Med. intern. (Bucur.) 16 no.78769-774 J134

1. Incrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, I.M.F. [Institutul medico-farmaceutic], Cluj (director: prof. 0. Pedor).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413410001-7"

Corebrovascular dispriers in the jejural syndrome in gastreetomized patients. Red. intern. (Bucur.) 16 no. 202122-1233

1. Mucrare efector in Chinica a line disclat destitutul,
medico-farmaccu ic, Cluj.

Folker, O., prof.; SCH.ARTE, M., dr.; SAIR, C., dr.

Changes in electrolyte metabolism in chronic hepatitis. Med. Intern. (Bucur) 16 no.11:1275-1201 N 164

1. Incrare efectuate in Institutul de cercetari medicale al Academiet Republicit Populare Romine, Filiala Cluj si in Clinica a III-u medicala, Institutul medica-tarmaceutic, Cluj.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413410001-7"

FODOR, O., prof.; STANESCU, L., dr.; COSMA, V., dr.; ITU, I., dr.; FRATILA, I., dr.; MUNTEANU, P., dr.; SCHWARTZ, M., dr.; CIOFU, Ch., dr.; ILEA, V., dr.; COTUL, S., dr.; DUMITRASCU, D., dr.; BORSAN, I., laborant

Clinical and epidemiological research on the evolution toward chronicity of acute epidemic hepatitis. Med. intern. (Bucur.) 16 no.12:1505-1510 D *64

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, Institutul medico-farmaceutic, Cluj.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413410001-7"

FODOR, O., prof; COSMA V., dr.; MUNTEANU, P., dr.; CIOFU, Gh., dr.

。 1987年至1987年的日本最初的政策的政策的政策的是对策的政策的政策的政策的发现的政策的政策的政策的政策的政策的政策的发展的政策的发展的政策的发展的政策的发展的

Research on the relation between neurosis and ulcerous disease. Med. intern. (Bucur.) 17 no.1:53-59 Ja 165

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, Institutul medico-farmaceutic, Cluj, (director: prof. O. Fodor).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000413410001-7"

FODOR, O., DUMITRASHKU, D. [Dumitraseu, D.]

Study on the pathogenic action of the microflora of the small intestine. Sov. med. 28 no.5:52-54 My '65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. 3-ya terapevticheskaya klinika (zav. - chlen-korrespondent Akademii nauk Rumynskoy Narodnoy Respubliki prof. C.Fodor), Kluzh.

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FODOR, C., prof.; BARBARINO, Fedora, dr.; GEORGESCU, E., dr.; NICOARA, A., dr.; PERTA, I., dr.

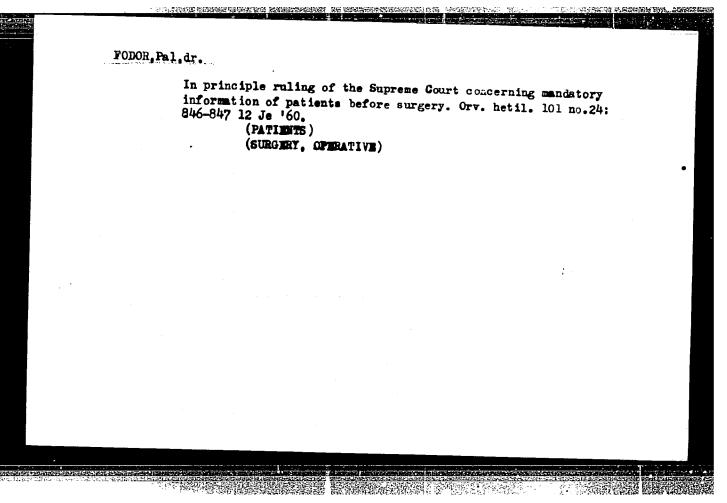
Critical apparaisal of the value of the methods of liver function test using BSP. Studies of BSP in serum, bile, urine and of the separate chromatographic fractions. Med. intern. (Bucur.) 17 no.4: 399-412 Ap 165.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, Institutul medico-farmaceutic, Cluj (director: prof. O. Fodor).

FODOR, O., prof.

Pathogenesis of chronic hepatitis. Med. intern. (Bucur) 17 no.6: 633-639 Je*65.

1. Incrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, Institutul medico-farmaceutic, Cluj (directors prof. 0. Fodor).



HUNGARY

FODOR, Pal, Dr; Secretariat of the Public Health Scientific Council (Egesz-segugyi Tudomanyos Tanacs Titkarsaga).

"Legal Regulation of Medical Secrecy."

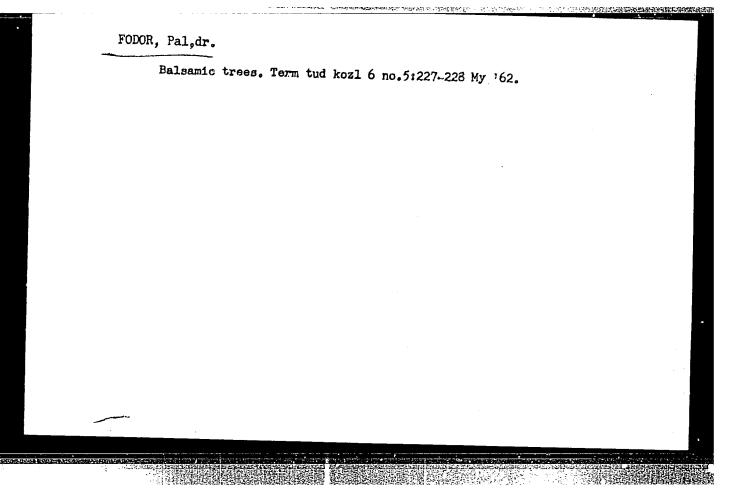
Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 104, No 35, 1. Sept 63, pages 1657-1663.

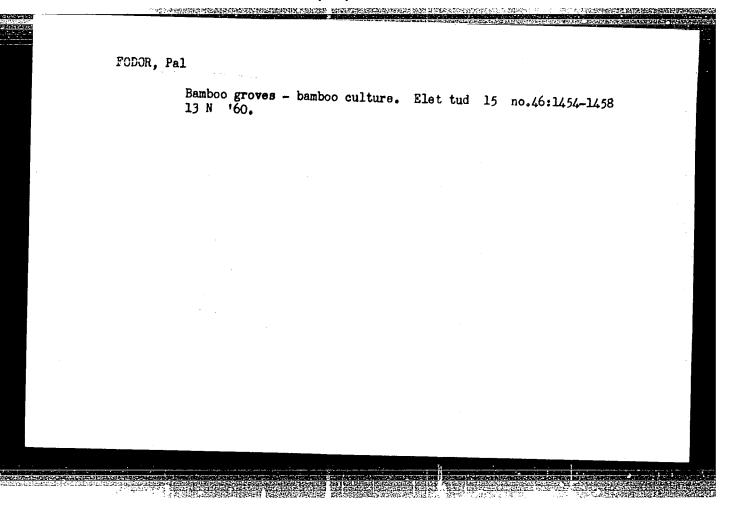
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Abstract: [Author's Hungarian summary modified] The changes, in Hungary, in the legal regulations concerning the duty of secrecy of the physician are discussed in detail. The delicate balance between the right for secrecy of the patient and the interest of the community increases the extent of the problem. While legal regulations vary with time and location, the age-old duty of the physician is to keep silent. No references.

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FODOR, Peterne, okleveles mernok; FOLDES, Ferenc, okleveles mernok; SZABO, Laszlo, dr., okleveles mernok

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Territorial water table falling at Ajka. Melyepitestud szemle 12 no.9:415-420 S '62.

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